

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Prepositions:

1. He made ambitious plans, but all of them fell _ apart.
2. Ajay bore _ the first prize in the competition.
3. She has her property to fall back _ in her old age.
4. I have disposed _ the old books.
5. The boat lay _ several feet of water.
6. The leader is popular _ his followers.
7. The pond abounds _ fish.
8. The Indian army will put _ the rebellion.
9. The king was blind _ one eye.
10. She dispensed _ the services of her maid.
11. I take exception to your remark.
12. I dip _ into my savings at the end of the month.
13. I refrained _ giving my opinion.
14. These seats are set _ for the handicapped.
15. She takes _ her mother in many ways.
16. He will make _ all his property to his wife.
17. The enemy has encroached _ all his followers.
18. The child is hard _ hearing.
19. The winter season is set _.
20. Do not comply _ the wishes of his father.
21. The police man ran ___ the thief.
22. He has a craving ___more money.

Do as directed:

(Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of the sentence.)

1. I think you should come back tomorrow. (Begin: You had....)
2. "How clear the sky looks today!" said Rahul. (Begin: Rahul exclaimed....)
3. "You would better see the doctor, Arun," the teacher said. (Begin: The teacher suggested....)
4. As soon as we reached the station, the train left. (Use: Hardly)

5. My coat was not returned until it was dry cleaned. (End: ...before it was returned.)
6. No one could have taken the responsibility. (Begin: Anyone...)
7. I could not but feel sorry for his wife. (Begin: I could not help...)
8. The little boy hid himself so that he might not be seen. (Use: Lest.)
9. Why did she leave so late? (Begin: She ought....)
10. Think before you leap. (Begin: You should leap...)
11. Mani is the prettiest girl in the colony. (Begin: Is...)
12. I only eat fruits and vegetables. (End:on fruits and vegetable.)
13. He requested Vinay to wait there till he returned. (End:till I return.”)
14. Sumit was driving very fast and could not stop at once. (Use: so....that)
15. In spite of being fat, he runs very fast. (Begin: Although....)
16. I am too tired to walk any further. (End:cannot walk any further.)
17. He is accustomed to reading the newspaper every morning. (Use: Habit.)
18. As soon as he heard the news, he rushed home. (Use: No sooner.)
19. He is inviting each of his classmates. (Begin: Each....)
20. He’s getting so absent-minded; he can’t go on working much longer. (Begin: He’s getting too.....)

Fill in the blanks with correct form of the verbs.

Millions of professional **try** (try) to be the “one in a million”. A desire _____(achieve) rapid career growth _____(lead) many _____(focus) on their further education. However, it _____(see) that in a herd mentality to acquire just a particular degree, people end up with paper qualifications that do not help in _____(meet) their career objectives.

An academic team then _____(design) a unique curriculum. while interactive learning resources hone your concepts, the technology powered classrooms _____(put) you in company of experts who will demonstrate the application of key concepts in work situations. _____(Use) a vast range of case studies students learn demonstrate their capabilities at their work place.